

# Arterial Catheterization Product

## Rx only.

### Indications:

The Arrow® Arterial Catheterization Device permits access to the peripheral arterial circulation or to other small vessels.

### Contraindications:

None known.

### General Warnings and Cautions

#### Warnings:

1. Sterile, Single use: Do not reuse, reprocess or resterilize. Reuse of device creates a potential risk of serious injury and/or infection which may lead to death.
2. Read all package insert warnings, cautions and instructions prior to use. Failure to do so may result in severe patient injury or death.
3. To minimize the risk of air embolism and blood loss associated with disconnects use only securely tightened Luer Lock connections.
4. Practitioners must be aware of complications associated with arterial procedures including but not limited to: septicemia, vessel wall perforation, thrombosis and embolization, hematoma, arterial spasm, tissue necrosis, hemorrhage, peripheral ischemia and infarction, peripheral nerve injury, air embolism, site infection, cellulitis and catheter related blood stream infection (CRBSI).
5. In brachial procedures, collateral flow cannot be guaranteed, and therefore intravascular clotting can result in tissue necrosis.
6. In radial artery procedures, practitioners must ascertain that definite evidence of collateral ulnar flow exists.
7. Accidental infusions of drugs or therapeutics or pressure injection into an arterial system may result in severe patient injury or death.

#### Cautions:

1. Do not alter the catheter, guidewire, or any other kit/set component during insertion, use or removal.
2. Procedure must be performed by trained personnel well versed in anatomical landmarks, safe technique, and potential complications.
3. Use standard precautions and follow established institutional policies and procedures.
4. Some antiseptics used at catheter insertion site contain solvents which can weaken the catheter material. Alcohol, acetone, and polyethylene glycol can weaken the structure of polyurethane materials. These agents may also weaken the adhesive bond between catheter stabilization device and skin.
  - Do not use acetone or acetone-alcohol on or near the catheter surface.
  - Do not use alcohol to soak catheter surface or allow alcohol to dwell in a catheter lumen to restore catheter patency or as an infection prevention measure.

- Do not use polyethylene glycol containing ointments at insertion site.
  - Allow insertion site to dry completely prior to applying dressing
5. Indwelling catheter should be routinely inspected for patency, security of dressing, and possible migration.

**Kits/Sets may not contain all accessory components detailed in these instructions for use. Become familiar with instructions for individual component(s) before beginning the procedure.**

## Insertion Instructions

### A Suggested Procedure: Use Sterile Technique.

#### Prepare for Insertion:

1. Assess for adequate collateral arterial circulation.
  - Use of ultrasound has been shown to increase success with catheter placement.
2. Prep and drape anticipated insertion site per institutional policies and procedures.
3. Administer local anesthetic per institutional policies and procedures.
  - A Protected Needle/Safety Needle should be used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for use.

#### SharpsAway II™ Locking Disposal Cup (where provided):

The SharpsAway II™ Locking Disposal Cup is used for disposal of needles (15 Ga. - 30 Ga.).

- Using one-handed technique, firmly push needles into disposal cup holes (refer to Figure 1).

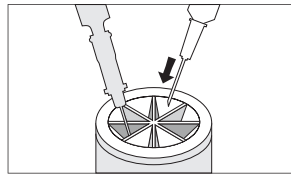


Figure 1

- Once placed into disposal cup, needles will be automatically secured in place so that they cannot be reused.
- ⚠ Caution:** Do not attempt to remove needles that have been placed into SharpsAway II Locking Disposal Cup. These needles are secured in place. Damage may occur to needles if they are forced out of disposal cup.
- Where provided, a foam SharpsAway® system may be utilized by pushing needles into foam after use.
- ⚠ Caution:** Do not re-use needles after they have been placed into the foam SharpsAway system. Particulate matter may adhere to needle tip.
4. Remove guard. Trial advance and retract spring-wire guide through needle using spring-wire guide handle to ensure proper function.
    - **⚠ Caution:** Prior to insertion, ensure spring wire guide is returned to the original position before insertion or blood flashback may be inhibited.

#### Insert Catheter:

5. Enlarge puncture site with scalpel if desired.

⚠ **Warning:** Do not cut spring-wire guide.

- Engage safety and/or locking feature of scalpel (where provided) when not in use to reduce the risk of sharps injury.

6. Perform arterial puncture. Blood flashback in clear hub of introducer needle indicates successful entry into vessel (refer to Figure 2).

⚠ **Caution:** If both vessel walls are punctured, subsequent advancement of spring-wire guide could result in inadvertent sub-arterial placement.

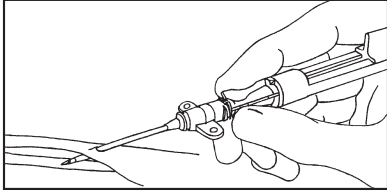


Figure 2

7. Stabilize position of introducer needle and carefully advance spring-wire guide into vessel using spring-wire guide handle (refer to Figure 3). When the spring-wire guide is fully retracted, the tip of the spring-wire guide is located at the needle tip.

⚠ **Caution:** Do not advance spring-wire guide unless there is free blood flashback in needle hub.

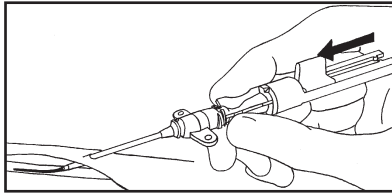


Figure 3

⚠ **Warning:** To reduce the risk of spring-wire guide damage, do not retract spring-wire guide against edge of needle while in vessel.

⚠ **Caution:** If resistance is encountered during spring-wire guide advancement do not force feed, withdraw entire unit and attempt new puncture.

8. Advance entire placement device a maximum of 1 to 2 mm further into vessel to insure that catheter is seated within the vessel.
9. Firmly hold introducer needle hub in position and advance catheter forward, over spring-wire guide into vessel (refer to Figure 4).

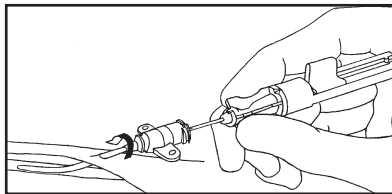


Figure 4

### Complete Insertion:

10. Hold catheter in place and remove spring-wire guide assembly. Pulsatile blood flow indicates positive arterial placement.

⚠ **Caution:** Do not reinsert needle into catheter; doing so may result in patient injury or catheter damage.

### Secure Catheter:

11. Attach stopcock, injection cap or connecting tubing to catheter hub. Secure catheter to patient in preferred manner using suture wings, suture groove or wing clip, where provided.

⚠ **Warning:** Care should be exercised that the catheter is not inadvertently kinked at the hub area when securing catheter to the patient as this may result in catheter damage, breakage and loss of arterial monitoring capabilities.

⚠ **Warning:** Do not apply tape, staples, or sutures directly to the catheter body to reduce risk of damaging catheter, impeding catheter flow, or adversely affecting monitoring capabilities. Secure only at indicated stabilization locations.

⚠ **Caution:** Avoid placement or securement in an area of flexion.

### Catheter Stabilization Device (where provided):

A catheter stabilization device should be used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for use.

12. Document insertion procedure.

### Care and Maintenance:

#### Dressing:

Dress according to institutional policies, procedures, and practice guidelines. Change immediately if the integrity becomes compromised (e.g. dressing becomes damp, soiled, loosened or no longer occlusive).

⚠ **Caution:** Minimize catheter manipulation throughout procedure to maintain proper catheter tip position.

#### Catheter Patency:

Maintain catheter patency according to institutional policies, procedures and practice guidelines. All personnel who care for patients with peripheral intravascular devices must be knowledgeable about effective management to prolong catheter's dwell time and prevent injury.

### Catheter Removal Instructions:

Use aseptic technique per institutional policies and procedures.

1. Remove dressing.

⚠ **Warning:** Do not use scissors to remove dressing to reduce the risk of cutting the catheter.

2. Remove catheter securement device or sutures being careful not to cut catheter.

3. Remove Catheter slowly.

⚠ **Warning:** Do not use excessive force in removing catheter. If resistance is met on removal, stop and follow institutional policies and procedures for difficult to remove catheters.

⚠ **Warning:** Exposure of arterial circulation to atmospheric pressure may result in entry of air into circulation.















4. Apply pressure at site after catheter is removed per institutional policies and procedures.
5. Cover site with a sterile occlusive dressing.
6. Document catheter removal procedure including confirmation that entire catheter length has been removed per institutional policies and procedures.

For reference literature concerning patient assessment, clinician education, insertion technique, and potential complications associated with this procedure, consult standard textbooks, medical literature, and Arrow International, Inc. website: [www.teleflex.com](http://www.teleflex.com)



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**Symbol Glossary: Some symbols may not apply; refer to product labeling for applicable symbols.**

								
Caution	Consult instructions for use	Do not reuse	Do not re-sterilize	Sterilized by ethylene oxide	Keep away from sunlight	Keep dry	Do not use if package is damaged	Not made with natural rubber latex
								
Catalogue number	Lot number	Use by	Manufacturer	Temperature Limitation				

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