device-related infections. sugare and intended to be used as a treatment of percutaneous BIOPATCH® should not be placed over infected wounds. It Precautions

CRBSI, in patients with central venous or arterial catheters. skin colonization of microorganisms commonly related to catheters. It is also intended to reduce local infections, catheter-related blood stream infections (CRBSI), and arterial catheters, dialysis catheters, peripherally inserted coronary catheters, mid-line catheters, drains, chest tubes, externally placed orthopedic pins, and epidural by the use of vascular and non-vascular percutaneous medical devices such as: IV catheters, central venous lines, intended for use as a hydrophilic wound dressing that a besubed to absorb exudate and to cover a wound caused 8 HOTA9018 eluconate is establine Gluconate is Indication For Use

Chlorhexidine Gluconate is a well-known antifungal activity. with broad-spectrum antimicrobial and antifungal activity.

under the dressing. incorporated into the dressing inhibits bacterial growth Gluconate (CHG). The foam material absorbs up to eight times its own weight in fluid, while the CHG polyurethane absorptive foam with Chlorhexidine BIOPATCH® Protective Disk with CHG is a hydrophilic

Product Description

(Please Read Carefully Before Using) Instructions For Use

TYPE ARE NOT APPROVED FOR SALE IN THE U.S. UNDER CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE, WHICH WERE USED DURING URINARY TRACT PROCEDURES. PREPARATIONS OF THIS REACTIONS [INCLUDING ANAPHYLAXIS] HAVE OCCURRED IN PATIENTS TREATED WITH LUBRICANTS CONTAINING REPORTED IN SEVERAL COUNTRIES, THE MOST SERIOUS TOPICAL USE OF CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE HAVE BEEN HYPERSENSITIVITY REACTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE OCCUR, DISCONTINUE USE OF THE DRESSING IMMEDIALELY. REACTIONS ARE VERY RARE, BUT IF ANY SUCH REACTIONS HYPERSENSITIVITY, AND GENERALIZED ALLERGIC CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE SUCH AS DERMATITIS, OR ON PATIENTS WITH A KNOWN SENSITIVITY TO CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE, ADVERSE REACTIONS TO DO NOT USE BIOPATCH® DIRECTLY OVER BURN INJURY BEEN ESTABLISHED IN CHILDREN UNDER 16 YEARS OF AGE.

ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE SAFETY AND EFFECTIVENESS OF BIOPATCH® HAS NOT **MEMBRANES**

FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY, DO NOT ALLOW THIS PRODUCT TO CONTACT THE EYES, EARS, MOUTH, OR MUCOUS

MECKOSIS OF THE SKIN. HAS RESULTED IN HYPERSENSITIVITY REACTIONS AND WARNING: DO NOT USE BIOPATCH® ON PREMATURE INFANTS. USE OF THIS PRODUCT ON PREMATURE INFANTS Warnings

Labeling Symbols



STERILE EO

Manufactured for ETHICON, INC. Raritan, NJ 08869 USA © Ethicon, Inc. 2012

U.S. customers: to order product call 1-800-255-2500; for product quality and technical questions call 1-877-384-4266.

ETHICON™

LAB0010999v4 09/2020 10558-731-04-Rev. A

(Caution LOT Batch code

REF Catalogue Temperature limit STERILE EO Sterilized using ethylene oxide

Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of Ronly a licensed healthcare practitioner. CAUTION SHOULD BE USED WHEN USING CHLORHEXIDINE-CONTAINING PREPAIRTONS AND THE PATENT SHOULD BE OBSERVED FOR THE POSSIBILITY OF HYPERSENSITIVITY REACTIONS. THE GOVERNMENT OF JAPAN HAS REPORTED ANAPHYLACTOID—TYPE ADVERSE EVENTS IN 13 PATIENTS WHILE USING CENTRAL VENOUS CATHETERS IMPREGNATED WITH CHLORHEXIDINE.

Clinical Trial Results

A controlled, randomized, clinical trial consisting of 687 subjects with 1699 central venous or arterial catheter insertion sites was conducted at two centers.¹

Results showed that the use of BIOPATCH® resulted in a statistically significant 44% reduction in the incidence of local infection (n≤0.0001).

Table 1: Summary of local infections in 1401

Cvaldable inics					
Thosas con eitr costs	No Local Infection # of lines (%)	Local Infection # of lines (%)	Total		
BIOPATCH® Control Total	556 (83.6%) 520 (70.7%) 1076	109 (16.4%) 216 (29.3%) 325	665 736 1401		

Results also showed that the use of BIOPATCH® resulted in a statistically significant 60% reduction in the incidence of catheter-related blood stream infections (p=0.026).

Table 2: Summary of catheter-related blood stream infections (CRBSI) in 589 evaluable subjects

	No CRBSI Frequency (%)	CRBSI [†] Frequency (%)	Total
BIOPATCH®	288 (97.6%)	7 (2.4%)	295
Control	276 (93.9%)	18 (6.1%)	294
Total	564	25	589

[†]Clinical diagnosis based on positive blood cultures and DNA typing.

Results of this study also showed that use of BIOPATCH® resulted in statistically significant reduction in skin colonization of microorganisms commonly associated with CRBSI (p≤0.05). Patients randomized to the BIOPATCH® Treatment Group experienced no serious device-related adverse events.

Information regarding the use of BIOPATCH** on patients <16 years of age is limited. A study performed on 16 patients, ages 3 days to 15 years, was performed to evaluate the effectiveness of BIOPATCH** in the management of insertion or exit sites of indwelling CVCs. No cases of catheter-related infections were reported during the course of the trial. Compared to the institution's standard therapy, BIOPATCH** resulted in better appearance of entrance/exit sites in 56% of cases (p=0.002); less irritation of entrance/exit sites in 50% of cases (p=0.011); better entrance/exit site protection in 94% of cases (p=0.001), BIOPATCH** was the preference of the investigators over standard therapy in 81% of cases (p<0.001).

Maki DG, Mermel L, Genthner D, Hua S, Chiacchierini RP: An evaluation of BIOPATCH® Antimicrobial Dressing compared to routine standard of care in the prevention of catheter-related blood stream infection. Ethicon, Inc. 2000.

Directions For Use

- Prepare the skin surrounding the percutaneous device according to hospital protocol.
- Remove BIOPATCH® from the sterile package using
- aseptic technique.

 3. Place BIOPATCH* around the device, making sure the BLUE PRINTED side is facing upward. The WHITE foam side releases the Chlorhexidine Gluconate (CHG) and should be in contact with the patient's skin.
- should be in contact with the patient's skin.

 In order to ensure easy removal when used with a film dressing, place BIOPATCH® around the device site in such a way that the device rests upon the slit portion of the BIOPATCH®. The edges of the radial slit must be pushed topPATCH®. Secure the device and BIOPATCH® to the skin. Ensure
- complete contact between the skin and BIOPATCH®.
- Change the patch as necessary, in accordance with facility protocol; dressing changes should occur at a minimum of every 7 days. Dressing changes will be needed more frequently with highly exuding wounds.
- To remove the transparent film dressing, pick up the corner of the dressing and stretch the dressing away from the device, holding the device in place. (Dressing will partially lift.) Peel back until resistance is felt. Repeatedly stretch and peel as necessary until the dressing is removed.
- BIOPATCH® will remain attached to the transparent film dressing, so removal will be simultaneous.

Storage Information

- Store between 15°C and 30°C (59°F and 86°F).
- It is to be stored in its original packaging.
- Expiration date of the product is indicated as year
- (4 digits), month (2 digits) and day (2 digits).Do not resterilize. Discard all open and unused portions
- of the device.

 Do not use if the package is opened or damaged. Do
- Do not use if the package is opened or damaged. Do not use if seal is broken or compromised.
 After use, handle and dispose of all unused product
- After use, handle and dispose of all unused product and packaging in accordance with accepted medical practice and applicable local, state, and federal laws and regulations.
 NOTE: Over time, the BIOPATCH® may turn yellow in color.

NOTE: Over time, the BIOPATCH® may turn yellow in color. This coloration does not reduce the antimicrobial efficacy of the dressing.

How Supplied

BIOPATCH® is supplied sterile. Each package contains a single disk. BIOPATCH® is intended for single use only. Do not resterilize.

Product Code Ending	BIOPATCH® Size	Maximum Amount of CHG per Dressing
-150	1" DISK (2.5 cm) 4.0 mm center hole	92 mg
-151	3/4" DISK (1.9 cm) 1.5 mm center hole	53 mg
-152	1" DISK (2.5 cm) 7.0 mm center hole	86.8 mg