# ARROWgård Blue PLUS° *Pressure Injectable* Multi-Lumen CVC Information

Catheter tested for ten (10) pressure injections.<sup>1</sup>

Patier	nt II	D:		Da	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yy)://				
First N	Nam	ne:			_ Male □ Female Notes:				
				Į.	Other:				
Cathete	er Ti	p Configuration:							
	_			Proximal E	xit Medial Exit —2.5 cm →	Distal Exit —2.5 cm			
Kit No.:					Date Inserted (mm/dd/yy)://				
Injection Log		Date	Lumen	Media	Volume	Flow Rate			
	1	Notes:							
	2								
	3	Notes:							
	4	Notes:							
	Ë	Notes:							
	5	Notes:							
	6	Notes:							
	7	Notes:							
	8	Trotes.							
		Notes:							
	9	Notes:				1			
	10	Notes:							





 $7^{ ext{Fr.}} \mid 3^{ ext{Lumen}} \mid 20^{ ext{cr}}_{ ext{le}}$ 

## ARROWgard Blue PLUS *Pressure Injectable*Multi-Lumen CVC Information

Catheter tested for ten (10) pressure injections.<sup>1</sup>

	Using maxir				
	At 300 psi Injector Pressure Setting		At 400 psi Injector Pressure Setting <sup>4</sup> Maximum Indicated Catheter Rating		
Catheter Lumen	Pressure Injection Flow Rate	Maximum Catheter Pressure During Flow Rate	MAX Indicated Pressure Injection Flow Rate	Catheter Pressure During Maximum Flow Rate	Minimum Static Burst Pressure <sup>3</sup>
Distal (16 Ga.)	6 mL/sec	146 psi	<b>10</b> mL/sec	210 psi	343 psi
Medial (18 Ga.)	4 mL/sec	221 psi	<b>5</b> mL/sec	222 psi	355 psi
Proximal (18 Ga.)	4 mL/sec	208 psi	<b>5</b> mL/sec	213 psi	341 psi

- <sup>1</sup> Tested using 125 mL injection volume.
- <sup>2</sup> See Pressure Injectable Catheter Performance chart below for information on lower viscosity contrast media.
- <sup>3</sup> Static Burst Pressure is the failure point of the catheter when the lumen is completely occluded.
- Occluded catheter failure occurred at or above this minimum pressure.
- <sup>4</sup> Achieved using 400 psi rated 60" administration set tubing and nominal injector values. Injector equipment pressure variation may result in slightly diminished flow rates.



Ensure patency of injected lumen prior to pressure injection.

### **Pressure Injectable Catheter Performance:**

For pressure injection equipment limited to 300 psi, the following chart (graph) shows the maximum achievable flow rates as a function of viscosity.

Contrast Media Viscosity at 37°C	MAX Flow Rate Distal Lumen at 300 psi	MAX Flow Rate Medial & Proximal Lumens at 300 psi
11.8 cP	6 mL/sec	4 mL/sec
9.4 cP	7.5 mL/sec	4.5 mL/sec
6.3 cP	9.5 mL/sec	5 mL/sec
4.7 cP	10 mL/sec	5 mL/sec

# Maximum Flow Rate vs Viscosity at 300 psi 12 11 10 9 9 Nedial & Proximal Lumens A 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Viscosity (cP) at 37°C

#### Warnings and Precautions related to Pressure Injection:

- 1. Warning: Assess each patient for appropriateness of a pressure injection procedure. Pressure injection procedures must be performed by trained personnel well versed in safe technique and potential complications.
- Warning: Obtain a visual image to confirm catheter tip position prior to each pressure injection.
- Warning: Ensure patency of each lumen of catheter prior to pressure injection to minimize the risk of catheter failure and/or patient complications.
- 4. Warning: Discontinue pressure injections at first sign of extravasation or catheter deformation. Follow hospital protocol for appropriate medical intervention.
- 5. Precaution: To minimize the risk of catheter failure and/or tip

- displacement, do not exceed ten (10) injections or catheter's maximum recommended flow rate located on product labeling and catheter luer hub.
- Precaution: Warm contrast media to body temperature prior to pressure injection to minimize the risk of catheter failure.
- 7. Precaution: Pressure limit settings on injector equipment may not prevent over pressurizing an occluded or partially occluded catheter.
- 8. Precaution: Use appropriate administration set tubing between catheter and pressure injector equipment to minimize the risk of catheter failure.
- 9. Precaution: Follow the contrast media manufacturer's specified instructions for use, contraindications, warnings, and precautions.

## A Suggested Procedure for Pressure Injection: Use sterile technique.

- 1. Warning: Obtain a visual image to confirm catheter tip position prior to each pressure injection.
- 2. Remove injection cap from appropriate extension line of catheter.
- 3. Check for catheter patency:
  - Attach 10 mL syringe filled with sterile normal saline.
  - Aspirate catheter for adequate blood return.
  - Vigorously flush catheter. Warning: Ensure patency of each lumen of catheter prior to pressure injection to minimize the risk of catheter failure and/or patient complications.
- 4. Detach syringe.
- 5. Attach pressure injection administration set tubing to appropriate extension line of catheter according to manufacturer's recommendations.

- Precaution: To minimize the risk of catheter failure and/or tip displacement, do not exceed ten (10) injections or catheter's maximum recommended flow rate located on product labeling and catheter luer bub.
- Inject contrast media in accordance with hospital protocol. Precaution: Warm contrast media to body temperature prior to pressure injection to minimize the risk of catheter failure.
- Disconnect catheter from pressure injector equipment.
- Flush catheter using 10 mL syringe (or larger) filled with sterile normal saline.
- Disconnect syringe and replace with sterile injection cap on catheter extension line.
- See Instructions for Use (IFU) for additional information.